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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/623,005	07/18/2003	Laura Kramer	200309793-1	4590
22879	7590 11/03/2005		EXAMINER	
	PACKARD COMPA 2400, 3404 E. HARMON	METZMAIER, DANIEL S		
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
FORT COLL	FORT COLLINS, CO 80527-2400		1712	

DATE MAILED: 11/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/623,005	KRAMER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Daniel S. Metzmaier	1712			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with th	ne correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS is atute, cause the application to become ABAND	ION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23	5 July 2005.				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ T					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	wance except for formal matters,	prosecution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11	, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims	•				
4) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and are subjected to by the Example 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10. The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Example 10.	drawn from consideration. d/or election requirement.	oo Evaminor			
Applicant may not request that any objection to					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con-					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the		•			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applic priority documents have been rece eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)		(DTO 440)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		il Date			
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	(08) 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:	nal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-26 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Applicants fail to provide basis for the concept of the removable group containing all materials except the reactive build material and the curing agent. While applicants provide specific examples and the broad group of all materials, the specification as originally filed does not provide basis for the group of all materials except the reactive build material and the curing agent. See The failure to mention something in the specification is not justification for an exclusionary proviso.
- Ex parte Grasselli, 231 U.S.P.Q. 393 (P.T.O. Bd. App. 1983).
- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being 3. indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 1, it is unclear how applicants are "using" the removable material, e.g., to dilute, to solvate, to support, to harden, to dry, to texture, to color, to fill, ect...

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 6. Claims 1-19 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Patel et al. (US 2004/0145088 A1). Regarding claims 1-7, 11, 13, 14, 18; Patel et al. disclose a system for free-form fabrication of solid three-dimensional objects, a method thereof, and a three dimensional object produced, comprising applying a first composition (section 0024) including a reactive build material (section 0047) and ink-jetting a second composition including a curing agent (section 0054) separately onto a substrate such that contact between the reactive build material and the curing agent occurs (sections 0049-0050), thereby resulting in a reaction that forms a solidifying composition, and repeating these steps to form a solid three dimensional object (section 0062). Patel et

al. do not appear to specifically disclose ink-jetting the first reactive material. Patel et al do disclose adjusting the viscosity of the first reactive material to a viscosity included in the range of the viscosity of the ink-jetted curing agent (sections 0053-0054). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have ink-jetted the first reactive material because Patel et al. teach that the first reactive material can have a viscosity that would enable ink-jetting, and ink-jetting would save time and produce a more controlled coating, resulting in a higher quality product.

Regarding claims 8-10 and 15-17, Patel et al. disclose the instantly claimed reactive build materials (section 0047).

Regarding claims 12 and 19, Patel et al. disclose adding at least one colorant (section 0017).

7. Claims 20-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Patel et al. (US 2004/0145088 A1) in view of Russell et al. (6,375,874 B1). Patel et al., as applied above, are as set forth and incorporated herein. Patel et al. do not appear to specifically disclose a third and forth ink-jettable composition comprising the colors of cyan, magenta, and yellow. Russell et al. disclose a system and process comprising applying polymers by inkjet to produce a three- dimensional object, and that a typical inkjet printer is configured to deliver magenta, yellow, and cyan, so that when combined in various combinations and amounts, a variety of colors can be produced (col.11, lines 8-16). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have applied the commonly used colors of magenta, cyan,

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and yellow, as taught by Russell et al. in the system and process of Patel et al. because Russell et al. teach that using magenta, cyan, and yellow as colorants in polymers for the production of three dimensional objects through ink-jetting enables one to produce a variety of colors, resulting in a more versatile and higher quality product.

Response to Arguments

- 8. Applicant's arguments filed 25 July 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 9. Applicants (page 9) assert that during the forming process supporting at least a portion of the solidifying composition using as a removable material that is other than the reactive build material or the curing agent. Applicants further assert Patel et al do disclose curing a layer atop of an uncured layer and removing the uncured layer.

This has not been deemed persuasive since Patel et al clearly contemplates materials within the layer materials that are other than the reactive build material or the curing agent, e.g., organic or inorganic filler, colloidal nanoparticles, dye, and/or surfactant ([0017], [0022] or [0053]). Said materials are other than reactive build material or the curing agent and are used in the uncured products, which as pointed out by applicants, are used as supports that are subsequently removed.

Furthermore, applicants' claims do not exclude the use of reactive build material or the curing agent in the uncured support and do not define what portion is supported, provided at least a portion is supported.

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- 10. Applicants' pages 9 and 10) arguments regarding the complexity of the threedimensional build-up are not commensurate in scope with the claims. Furthermore, the claims broadly encompass the disclosure of the Patel et al reference.
- 11. Applicants (page 10) assert that claim 22 (and the claims dependent thereon) is patentable for the reasons asserted for claims 1 and 13. This has not been deemed persuasive for the reasons as addressed herein above.
- 12. Applicants' (pages 10 and 11) arguments regarding the use of cyan, magenta, and yellow colorant in the binder rather than in the as a powder. This has not been deemed persuasive since the references are taken together. The rejection is not based on the Russell reference alone. The Patel et al reference clearly contemplates the use of color in the liquid components and requires that said component be compatible with said liquid components as to reduce the presence of voids. The citation of the Russell reference for the conventional use of specified colors does not negate the teachings in the Patel et al reference.
- 13. Applicants (page 11) assert the Patel et al and Russell reference are not combinable. This has not been deemed persuasive since Russell is cited for the conventional use of specified colors does not negate the teachings in the Patel et al reference. Applicants have proffered no evidence that said coloring agents would not work in the Patel et al methods. Since said coloring agents are conventionally known in the art and clearly suggested in the Patel et al reference, one skilled in the art at the time of applicants invention would have had a reasonable expectation of success upon employing said coloring agents in the Patel et al processes.

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Conclusion

14. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel S. Metzmaier whose telephone number is (571) 272-1089. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy P. Gulakowski can be reached on (571) 272-1302. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Daniel S. Metzmaier Primary Examiner Art Unit 1712

DSM